

Moral or Religious Beliefs Affecting Medical Care

<u>Standards of Practice</u> of the Yukon Medical Council ("the Council") are the minimum standards of professional behavior and ethical conduct expected of all physicians registered in the Yukon. Standards of Practice will be referenced in the management of complaints and in discipline.

- (1) A physician must communicate clearly and promptly about any treatments or procedures the physician chooses not to provide because of his or her moral or religious beliefs.
- (2) A physician must not withhold information about the existence of a procedure or treatment because providing that procedure or giving advice about it conflicts with their moral or religious beliefs.
- (3) A physician must not promote their own moral or religious beliefs when interacting with patients.
- (4) When moral or religious beliefs prevent a physician from providing or offering access to information about a legally available medical or surgical treatment or service, that physician must ensure that the patient who seeks such advice or medical care is offered timely access to another physician or resource that will provide accurate information about all available medical options.

Terms used in the Standards of Practice:

- Physician means any person who is registered or who is required to be registered under the Medical Profession Act.
- Must refers to a mandatory requirement.
- May means that the physician may exercise reasonable discretion.
- Patient includes, where applicable, the patient's legal guardian or substitute decision maker.